

Design reporting

Recommended reading:

Sforza: Introduction and Outline of an Airplane Design Report

Jenkinson & Marchman: Chapter 2

Virginia Tech example design reports: http://www.dept.aoe.vt.edu/~mason/Mason_f/SD1SrDesRpts.html

Into letrol

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Structure of a design report

A design report is very different from a lab report or a research paper and requires different structure.

You are basically selling and documenting your design - justifying/explaining the steps of how you got there is not important. Do NOT waste time on unimportant detail - DO spend time on important outcomes.

Everything that you present needs to be consistent with the final outcome - don't show steps along the way.

Simplified overview of a typical design report:

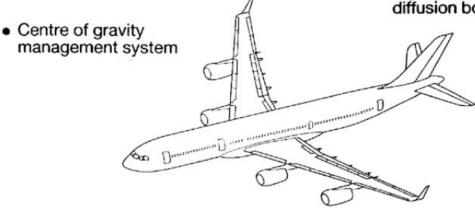
- Executive Summary
 - ► Highlights of design objectives
 - Design overview
 - * Design highlights on a walk-around chart
 - * Tabulated performance data/specifications/basic geometric dimensions
 - * Cost data (if you have)
- Details
 - ▶ Details of design (i.e. conclusions) including dimensioned 3-view drawings and floor plans, etc
 - Performance analysis (show that your design meets the requirements)
 - Optimisation and design trades
- Supporting documentation (appendices?)
 - Methods and key decisions
 - Supporting data
 - ▶ References

If your design is in response to an RFP, MAKE SURE that you have addressed all the requirements.

MAKE SURE that all information provided in different sections of a design report, including drawings, is consistent. Not paying attention to this requirement is a typical trap for student design teams.

Example walk-around chart #1

- Low workload, two member crew cockpit
 - extensive avionics integration
- Maximum use of new materials and processes
 - advanced composites
 - aluminium-lithium
 - superplastic forming and diffusion bonding



- Extended fly-through-computer system
 - load alleviation
 - flight envelope protection

 Increased thrust version of A320's CFM56 engine

Fielding

Example walk-around chart #2

Systems

- · Advanced cockpit layout
- · Zero-loss ECS system
- · All electric controls

EIS 2022 PAX 350 Range 8000 nm Cruise Mach 0.85

Aero

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- Natural laminar flow on leading edges
- Raked tips
- Dial-a-flap technology

Materials

- CFRP wings and tail assembly
- Fuselage skin made with GLARE
- · Fuselage stringers and frames made with ARALL
- Fittings and fasteners below floor use Al-Mg-Sc to reduce corrosion
- Aermet 100 used for all other attachment fittings
- Titanium landing gear

Propulsion

- BPR of 14 for low TSFC
- Natural laminar flow nacelles
- · Chevrons for nozzle noise
- · Active noise control for diffuser
- Advanced engine/plyon/wing integration to improve gound clearance

Structures

- Single piece fuselage construction
- Composite spars

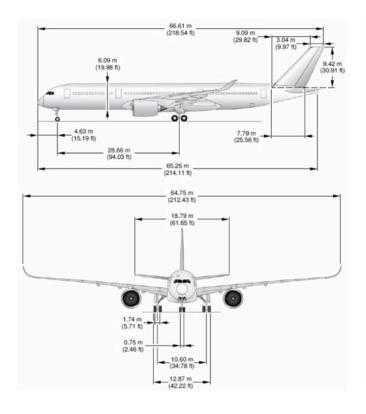
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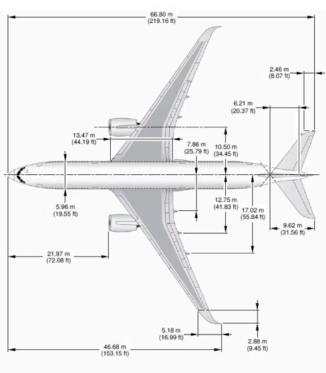
Example tabulation of key data

PARAMETER	32 pax (SPM-32)	48 pax / Freighter (SPM-48/BC)
EIS	2024	2024
MTOW (kg)	11,079	15,901
Range (km)	780.40	780.13
Mach	0.4	0.4
Cruise speed (m/s)	123.85	123.85
Service ceiling (m)	7,600	7,600
Power (kW)	1207	1732
Wing area (m2)	43.74 (?)	62.78 (?)
Wing span (m)	20.91 (?)	25.05 (?)
Fuselage length (m)	16.13	21.15
Height to top of tail	TBD	TBD
Batteries weight (kg)	1,398	2,007
Payload weight (kg)	3,286	4,806
Structural weight (kg)	6,030	8,570

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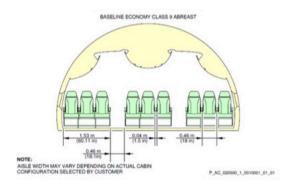
Example 3-view drawing





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Example cabin layout for a large aircraft

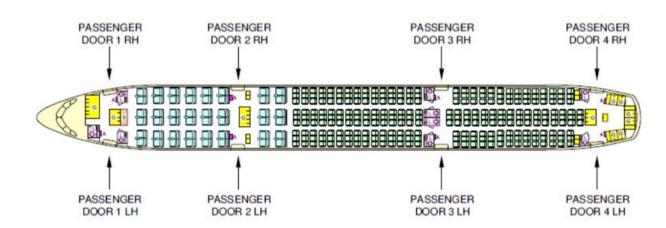


350 PAX in 3-class seating

10 First Class

48 Business Class

292 Economy



Company leadership and structure

Boeing company leadership group, 2015



Dennis Muilenburg
President and CEO

Executive Council*



Chris Chadwick Executive Vice Presiden President and CEO, Defense, Space and Security



Michael Luttig Executive Vice President General Counsel



Greg Smith
Executive Vice President,
Business Development &
Strategy and Chief
Financial Officer



Tom Downey Senior Vice President Communications



Marc Allen Senior Vice President, President, Boeing



Timothy Keating Senior Vice President, Government Operations



Tony Parasida Senior Vice President, Human Resources and Administration



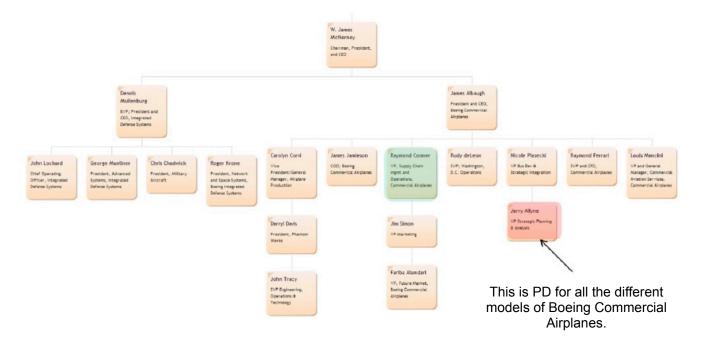
Diana Sands Senior Vice President, Office of Internal



John Tracy Senior Vice President, Engineering, Operations & Technology, Chief Technology Officer

Company leadership and structure

Down the leadership chain to Product Development for Boeing Commercial Airplanes:



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Reality in industry

- 1. Management wants to see your results, not your analysis
 - Only section leads care about analysis
 - lt is assumed the analysis is correct after it's checked by leads
 - Don't waste management time by presenting theory
- 2. The higher you go, the less they want to see
 - Large companies have a lot going on
 - No matter how important you think your job is, it's only a small part

Think of your report as a document that be summarized, re-summarized, then summarized yet again. Make it easy for everyone by organizing your report that way:

- Executive summary (suitable for CEO)
- Design overview (suitable for VP of Product Development)
- Details (suitable to your management and audits)
- Supporting documentation (for long-term records and your lead) – CYA documentation.

This is fairly simplistic and every company is different, but the point is you need to think about who you are writing for in each report section.